

### Specifications

Tuning Range					
Tube Complement       (1) RCA 1R5.       Converter         (2) RCA 1U4.       I. F. Amplifier         (3) RCA 1U5.       Det.—A.V.C.—A. F. Amp.         (4) RCA 3V4.       Output         A selenium rectifier is used					
Power Supply Rating Power Line Operation 115 volts, d. c. or 50 to 60 cycles a. c					
Battery Operated					
Loudspeaker (92577-3 or 971495-2) Size and type					
Tuning Drive Ratio					
Power Output Undistorted—170 milliwatts Maximum—350 milliwatts (Output is slightly lower on battery operation)					
Cabinet Dimensions Height 81/4 in. Width 103/4 in. Depth 5 in.					
Weight (Approx.) 5 lb. less battery 8 lb. 2 oz. with battery					
TG DG 0 .:					

### **AC-DC** Operation

A power cord is stored inside the cabinet. To open the cabinet, pull backwards on the top of the cabinet back. It is secured by means of two spring clips and catches on the inside of the cabinet. Remove the plug of the power cord from its socket on the chassis and insert the plug into a convenient electrical power outlet. A notch in the right side of the cabinet allows the back to be closed with the cord passing through.

Notes: 1. Maximum performance is obtained with the battery in place. Receiver sensitivity will be lowered if the battery is not in place during AC-DC operation since the battery affects the loop inductance.

If reception is not obtained on DC, reverse plug in power outlet. On AC operation, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

### **Battery Operation**

Replace the power cord plug in the socket provided on the back of the chassis. Coil up the power cord and place it along-side of the battery. Make certain that it will not interfere with the tuning condenser.

Note: Make certain that the plug is fully inserted (base of plug touching chassis) to assure proper operation of the Batt-Line switch.



### RCAVICTOR

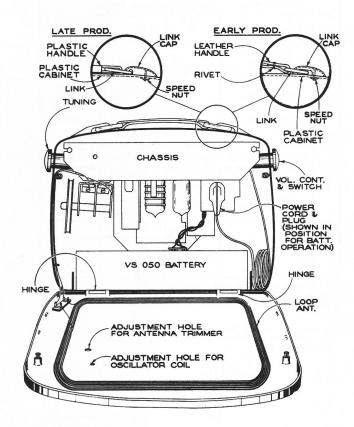
**AC-DC-Battery Portable Receiver** 

### MODEL BX57 SERVICE DATA

- 1950 No. 11-

HOME INSTRUMENT SERVICE DIVISION RCA VICTOR COMPANY, LTD.

MONTREAL, CANADA



### To Remove Carrying Handle

### Early Type:

- 1. Remove rivets from handle (if present).
- 2. Turn link and slip out of handle and cabinet.

### Late Type:

- 1. Remove speed nuts holding carrying handle link caps.
- 2. Remove link caps.
- 3. Turn link and slip out of handle and cabinet.

### Cabinet Back and Hinges

The cabinet back and hinges may be readily detached from the cabinet. See back page for detailed instructions on their removal.

### Alignment Procedure

**Signal Generator**—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis and keep the output as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Battery operation of the receiver is preferable during alignment; on  $\alpha$ . c. operation an isolation transformer (117v./117v.) may be necessary for the receiver if the signal generator is also  $\alpha$ . c. operated.

Note: Battery must be in place for ant. alignment (step 6).

Dial Pointer Position.—With the tuning condenser fully meshed the center of the dial pointer should be in line with the score mark on the chassis.

### **Alignment Tabulation**

Step	Connect high side of signal generator to—	Signal generator output	Dial pointer setting	Adjust for maximum output—	
1	Disconnect loop — remove chassis — remove bottom plate, connect a 10,000 ohm resistor from C1-1 stator terminal to tuning condenser frame.				
2	Grid of 1U4 (pin No. 6) thru .01 mf. capacitor	455 kc	Quiet point near 1600 kc	T2 (top & bottom) 2nd. I-F trans.	
3	Stator term. of C1-1 thru .01 mf. capacitor			Tl (top & bottom) lst. I-F trans.	
4	Remove the 10,000 ohm resistor. Replace bottom cover and install chassis in cabinet. Re-connect loop.				
5	Short wire placed near	1620 kc	Tuning condenser fully open	C1-2 trimmer (osc.)	
6	receiver (for radiated signal)	1400 kc	1400 kc signal	†C1-1 trimmer (ant.)	
7		600 kc	600 kc signal	†L1 (osc.) rock gang	
8	Repeat steps 5 and 6.				

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  With back closed. Trimmer is accessible thru hole in back. NOTE:

### Critical Lead Dress

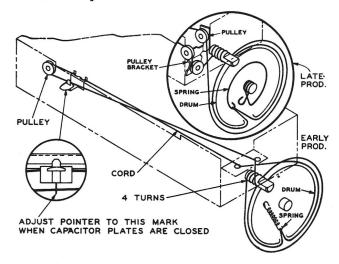
- Dress antenna loop leads away from adjusting screws on tuning condenser.
- 2. Dress all capacitors against chassis base.
- 3. Dress oscillator coil away from chassis and bottom cover.
- 4. Dress output transformer primary leads against chassis.
- Dress all leads and components away from selenium rectifier.
- Dress the 4 mmf. capacitor (C15) down against the .003 mf. capacitor (C14).
- Capacitor C15 must be connected to the plate terminal of the 1U4 socket with as short lead as possible.
- 8. Dress loop antenna leads into recesses provided in the side of the cabinet. Leave slack at hinged edge of cabinet.

Note: This instrument is designed to be operated with  $\alpha$  battery in position inside the cabinet. Reception will be below normal unless the battery is in its normal location.

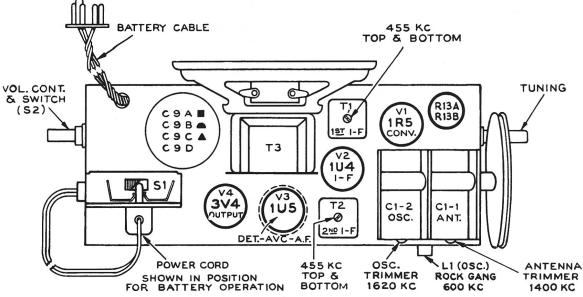
The position of the battery pack affects the loop inductance. Therefore, when the battery is removed, the loop inductance will change (increase) and the sensitivity will be slightly worse because of improper electrical tracking of the loop circuit with the heterodyne oscillator of the receiver.

### CAUTION.

Do not remove any tubes from the chassis with the set operating and the plug connected to the power line. Damage to tubes may result.



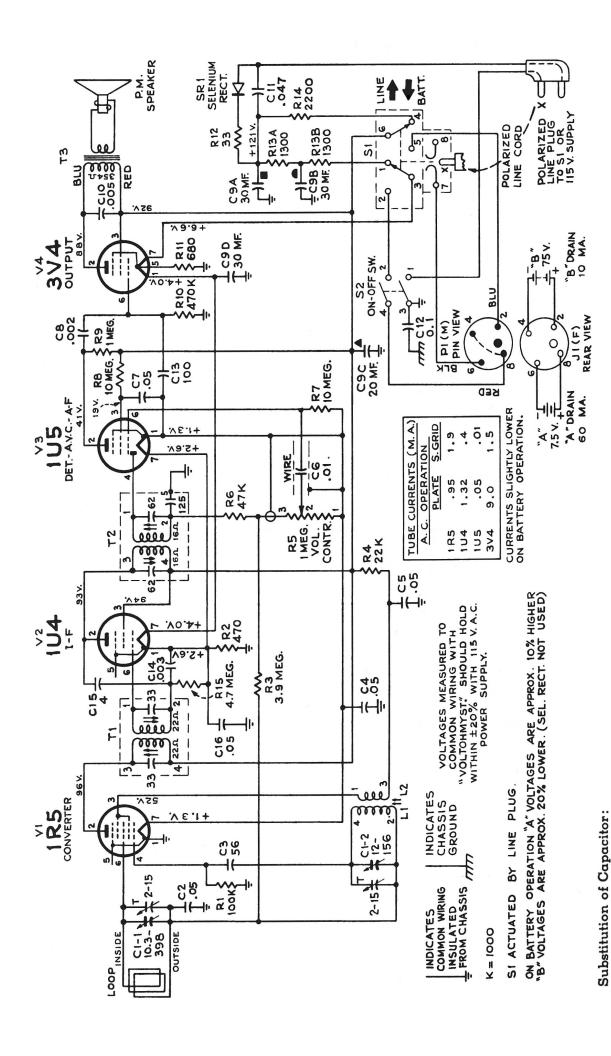
Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism



Tube and Trimmer Locations

The magnetite cores of T2 and T1 may not have visible adjusting screws.

The cores have screwdriver slots to permit adjustment (use non-metallic screwdriver).



## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

Please note that the separate 30 mf. capacitor is used in place of and not in parallel with the 30 mf. section of the multiple capacitor.

The replacement parts stock of the four section capacitor (Stock No. 74774) has been found to be satisfactory and substitution of section C9D should not be necessary.

lytic capacitor C9A, C9B, C9C, C9D is not used. A separate 30 mf. capacitor is used instead. This was done because the electrolytic capacitors supplied by certain vendors had com-

mon coupling between sections which resulted in excessive hum.

In some instruments section 9D of the four section electro-

# Lead Dress: Capacitor Cl1 (.C

Capacitor Cl1 (.047 mf.) must be dressed away from the metal chassis and in such position that inserting the chassis into the case will not change its position.

The side of Cl1 which may short to chassis is the side which

connects directly to the selenium rectifier. If this side contacts the chassis it will place the chassis at power line potential.

neplacement I alts							
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION				
1	CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES	73129	Transformer—First I.F. transformer				
1	RC-1088A, RC-1088C	73130	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer				
76404	Bracket—Drive cord pulley bracket including two	71047	Transformer—Output transformer				
10404	pulleys (for RC-1088C)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft				
75149	Capacitor—Variable tuning capacitorCl-1, Cl-2		ODELYED LOOP OF THE				
73153	Capacitor—Ceramic, 4 mmf		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES 92577-3				
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf	24105	10 A				
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf	74165	Speaker—4" P.M. speaker (92577-3) complete with				
74774	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 2 sections of 30	76402	cone and voice coil—for RC-1088A Speaker—4" P.M. speaker (971495-2) complete with				
	mfd., 150 volts, 1 section of 20 mfd., 150 volts and	10402	cone and voice coil—for RC-1088C				
72315	l section of 30 mfd., 25 volts, C9A, C9B, C9C, C9D Capacitor—Tubular, paper, .002 mfd., 200 volts. C8	76401	Spacer—Spacers(2) and screws(2) to mount 971495-2				
73961	Capacitor—Tubular, paper, .002 mid., 200 volts. C6	10101	speaker on RC-1088A (not required for RC-1088C)				
73920	Capacitor—Tubular, paper, .005 mfd., 400 volts. C10						
73561	Capacitor—Tubular, paper, .01 mfd., 400 voltsC6		MISCELLANEOUS				
75071	Capacitor—Tubular, moulded paper, .047 mfd., 400	75080	Back—Cabinet back complete with loop				
	volts	74787	Board—Terminal board—2 contact				
73553	Capacitor—Tubular, paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts, C2,	Y2227	Cabinet—Cabinet front including corners and link				
70017	C4, C5, C7, C16		caps—less dial and plate				
70617 73935	Capacitor—Tubular, paper, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts. C12	75156	Cap—Carrying handle link cap (2 required)—early				
74405	Clip—Mounting clip for I.F. transformer Coil—Oscillator coil	76405	type with wide slot for link				
73275	Connector—5 contact male connector for battery	10405	Cap—Carrying handle link cap (2 required)—late type with narrow slot for links				
10210	cable	74339	Catch—Cabinet back catch (part of cabinet front)				
73125	Control—Volume control and power switch. R5, S2	74734	Clip—Spring clip for knob				
70022	Cord—Power cord and plug	74792	Clip—Striking clip for catch (part of cabinet back)				
S-4313	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 40" overall length req'd)	The second records	(2 required)				
72283	Grommet—Rubber grommet to mount tuning capacitor	75153	Cover—Cabinet corner cover—L.H.				
74838	Grommet—Power cord strain relief grommet (1 set)	75154	Cover—Cabinet corner cover—R.H.				
74776	Indicator—Station selector indicator	75157	Dial—Metal dial scale and bezel				
18469 72602	Plate—Mounting plate for electrolytic capacitor	74782 75150	Emblem—"RCA Victor" emblem				
74322	Pulley—Drive cord pulley Rectifier—Selenium rectifierSR1	76280	Handle—Carrying handle (early type—leather) Handle—Carrying handle (late type—plastic)				
73237	Resistor—Wire wound (fuse type) 33 ohms R12	74790	Hinge—Cabinet hinge (2 required)				
76006	Resistor—Wire wound, 2600 ohms tapped at 1300	74781	Knob—Tuning or volume control and power switch				
	ohms 6 wattsR13		knob				
	Resistors—Fixed, composition:-	75151	Link—Link for carrying handle—15/16" length (early				
	470 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt		type) (2 required)				
	680 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt	76281	Link—Link for carrying handle—13/16" length (late				
	2200 onms, ±10%, ½ watt	70100	type) (2 required)				
	22,000 onms, ±20%, ½ waπ	75152 74788	Loop—Antenna loop winding				
	AFSISTIS — FIXED, COMPOSITION:  470 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R1  680 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R11  2200 ohms, ±10%, ½ watt. R14  22,000 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R2  47,000 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R6  100,000 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R1  470,000 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R1  470,000 ohms, ±20%, ½ watt. R1	73203	Nut—Speed nut to mount terminal board Nut—Speed nut to fasten dial, corner covers, decora-				
	470.000 ohms, +20%, ½ watt R10	10200	tive plate or link caps				
		74783	Plate—Decorative plate (satin finish) for cabinet				
	3.9 megohm, $\pm 10\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ watt		(above dial)				
	3.9 megohm, $\pm 10\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ watt. R3 4.7 megohm, $\pm 20\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ watt. R15 10 megohm, $\pm 20\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}$ watt. R7, R8	76279	Plate—Reinforcing plate for mounting chassis in cabi-				
B4BB0	10 megohm, ±20%, ½ watt		net (2 required)				
74773	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft for RC-1088A	75448	Bivet—Bevel pointed rivet for early type leather				
76403   73103	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft for RC-1088C	75435	handle (2 required)				
73117	Shield—Tube shield for 1U5 tube Socket—Tube socket, miniature	74301	Screen—Crinoline screen for speaker grille Screw—No. 8-32 x 3%" pan head cross recessed				
	Spring—Drive cord tension spring—coil type	1-301	screw for chassis mounting (2 required)				
76368	Spring—Drive cord tension spring—con type  Spring—Drive cord tension spring—semi-circular type	74791	Screw—No. 4 x 5/16" pan head cross recessed				
71039	Switch—"Line-Battery" change switch		screw to fasten catch to cabinet front.				

### APPLY TO YOUR RCA DISTRIBUTOR FOR PRICES OF REPLACEMENT PARTS

### Change in Resistor:

The 2600 ohm 6 watt resistor (R13) now being used in Model BX57 is of improved design. The original resistor was a ceramic type and the type now being used is a flat armored type. When the new type is used to replace the original type, is necessary to drill a .120" diameter hole in the front apron of the chassis to accommodate a self-tapping screw for mounting purposes.

### To Remove Cabinet Back

Disconnect the loop antenna leads. With the back fully open, grip the cabinet as illustrated. Insert a screwdriver under one hinge and pry the center of the hinge out of the opening in the cabinet while maintaining pressure on the back with the fingers and on the cabinet with the thumb. Repeat this procedure with the other hinge. Pull the back straight to the rear using both hands.

### To Remove Hinges

Remove back from cabinet as described above. Spread the hinge apart to remove it from the cabinet back.



