



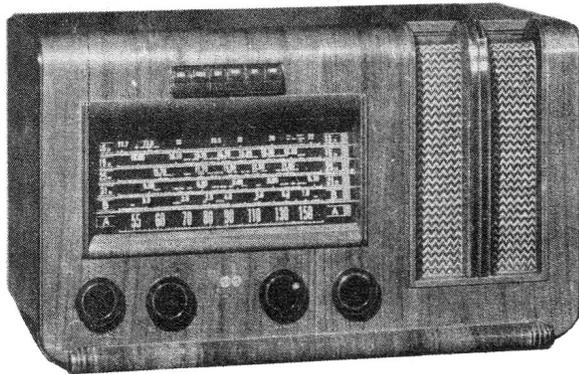
RCA Victor

MODELS A22 & A31

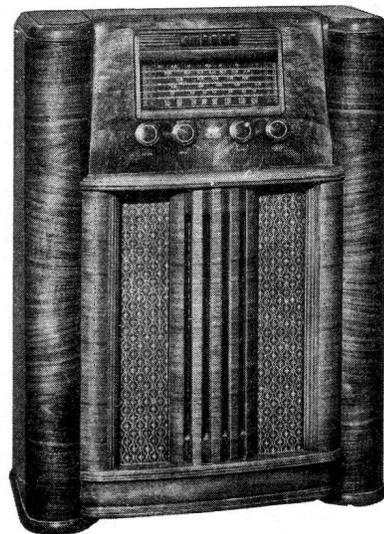
Seven-Tube, Six-Band, A-C, Superheterodyne Receivers

TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND SERVICE DATA

SERVICE DIVISION • RCA VICTOR COMPANY LIMITED • MONTREAL



Model A22



Model A31

Electrical Specifications

FREQUENCY RANGES

Standard Broadcast (A)	540-1,550	k.c.
Short Wave (B)	2,300-7,500	k.c.
31 M	9,450-9,700	k.c.
25 M	11,680-11,920	k.c.
19 M	15,030-15,380	k.c.
16-13 M	17,700-22,000	k.c.

Intermediate Frequency 455 k.c.

RADIOTRON COMPLEMENT

- (1) Type-6SK7 R-F Amplifier
- (2) Type-6SA7 First Detector-Oscillator
- (3) Type-6SK7 Intermediate Amplifier
- (4) Type-6SQ7 2nd. Det., A. V. C. & A. F.

Pilot Lamps (2) Mazda No. 51, 7.5 volts, 0.2 amp.

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

Rating A	105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 80 watts
Rating B	105-125 volts, 25-60 cycles, 80 watts

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted	3 watts
Maximum	4.5 watts

R. F. ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

"B" (49 Meters)	6,100	k.c. (osc.)
31 M (31 Meters)	9,550	k.c. (osc., det., ant.)
25 M (25 Meters)	11,800	k.c. (osc.)
19 M (19 Meters)	15,200	k.c. (osc.)
Standard Broadcast (A)	.600	k.c. (osc.), 1400 k.c. (osc., det., ant.)

- (5) Type-6F6G Power Output
- (6) Type-5Y4G Full Wave Rectifier
- (7) Type-6U5 Tuning Tube

LOUDSPEAKER (CRL-520-1) (A31 only)

Type	12 inch Electrodynamic
Impedance (V.C.)	3 ohms at 400 cycles

LOUDSPEAKER (CRL-517-1) (A22 only)

Type	12 inch Electrodynamic
Impedance (V.C.)	3 ohms at 400 cycles

Alignment Procedure

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown on the schematic diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord-Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment; therefore, a calibration scale is attached to the tuning drum. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang

in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The 0° mark on the drum scale must be vertical and directly above the center of the shaft of the tuning drum when the plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set-screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the chassis, and bend the wire so that it points to the 0° mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Order of Alignment	Test Oscillator			Range Selector	Receiver Dial Setting	Circuit to Adjust	Adjustment Symbols
	Connection to Receiver	Dummy Antenna	Frequency Setting				
1	6SK7 2nd I.F. Grid	.1	455 kc	"A"	No Signal 550-750 kc	2nd I.F. Trans.	L20 & L21
2	6SA7 Det. Grid	.1	455 kc	"A"	No Signal 550-750 kc	1st I.F. Trans.	L18 & L19
3	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	21,500 kc	"16-13 M"	21.5 mc (162°)	"16-13 M" Osc.	L46
4	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	17,750 kc	"16-13 M"	17.75 mc (17°)	"16-13 M" Osc.	L12
5	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	21,500 kc	"16-13 M"	21.5 mc (162°)	"16-13 M" Det.	C12
6	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	21,500 kc	"16-13 M"	21.5 mc (162°)	"16-13 M" Ant.	C4
7	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	15,200 kc	"19 M"	15.8 mc (94°)	"19 M" Osc.	L13
8	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	11,800 kc	"25 M"	11.8 mc (99°)	"25 M" Osc.	L14
9	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	9,550 kc	"31 M"	9.55 mc (73°)	"31 M" Osc.	L15
10	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	9,550 kc	"31 M"	9.55 mc (73°)	"31 M" Det.	C17
11	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	9,550 kc	"31 M"	9.55 mc (73°)	"31 M" Ant.	C8
12	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	6,100 kc	"B"	6.1 mc (149°)	"B" Osc.	C37
13	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	1,400 kc	"A"	1,400 kc (155°)	"A" H.F. Osc.	C38
14	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	600 kc	"A"	600 kc (33°)	"A" LF Osc.	L17
15	Ant. terminal	300 Ohms	1,400 kc	"A"	1,400 kc (155°)	"A" Det.	C16
16	Radiation Loop	300 Ohms	1,500 kc	"A"	1,500 kc (163°)	Loop	C2*

NOTE:—Align the I.F. circuits by means of the oscillograph, for a symmetrical curve. Peak R.F. stages of all bands. * Radiation loop comprising two turns of wire 18 inches in diameter should be placed four feet from receiver loop before aligning "C2".

Spread-Band Alignment.—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by adjusting the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of a test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal calibrator (RCA Stock No. 9572), or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave

stations of known frequency, and the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band should be re-adjusted so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

NOTE:—Whenever possible spread band adjustments should be made with the chassis fastened in the cabinet and the pointer accurately aligned to the dial.

Spread-band Adjustments.—Alignment of the spread bands requires special procedure since test oscillators used alone are not ordinarily sufficiently accurate for this purpose. The RCA Stock No. 9572 Crystal Calibrator affords a convenient and accurate alignment standard. Wrap a few turns of wire around the crystal calibrator and connect one free end to the antenna terminal of the receiver. Using the crystal calibrator to obtain the necessary accuracy, follow the tabulated alignment procedure for the "31M.", "25M.", and "19M." bands.

For the "B" band, snap crystal calibrator "Hi-Lo" switch to "Hi", turn the range selector to "B" band, and set receiver dial pointer to 6.0 mc. Adjust oscillator padder C37 for minimum "Tuning Tube" opening. Use the peak indicated by the alignment table. Snap "Hi-Lo" switch to "Lo" and locate 6,100 kc (the first 100 kc harmonic above 6,000 kc) by slightly readjusting C37 with the dial pointer set at 6.1 mc. This method insures selection of correct crystal-calibrator harmonic.

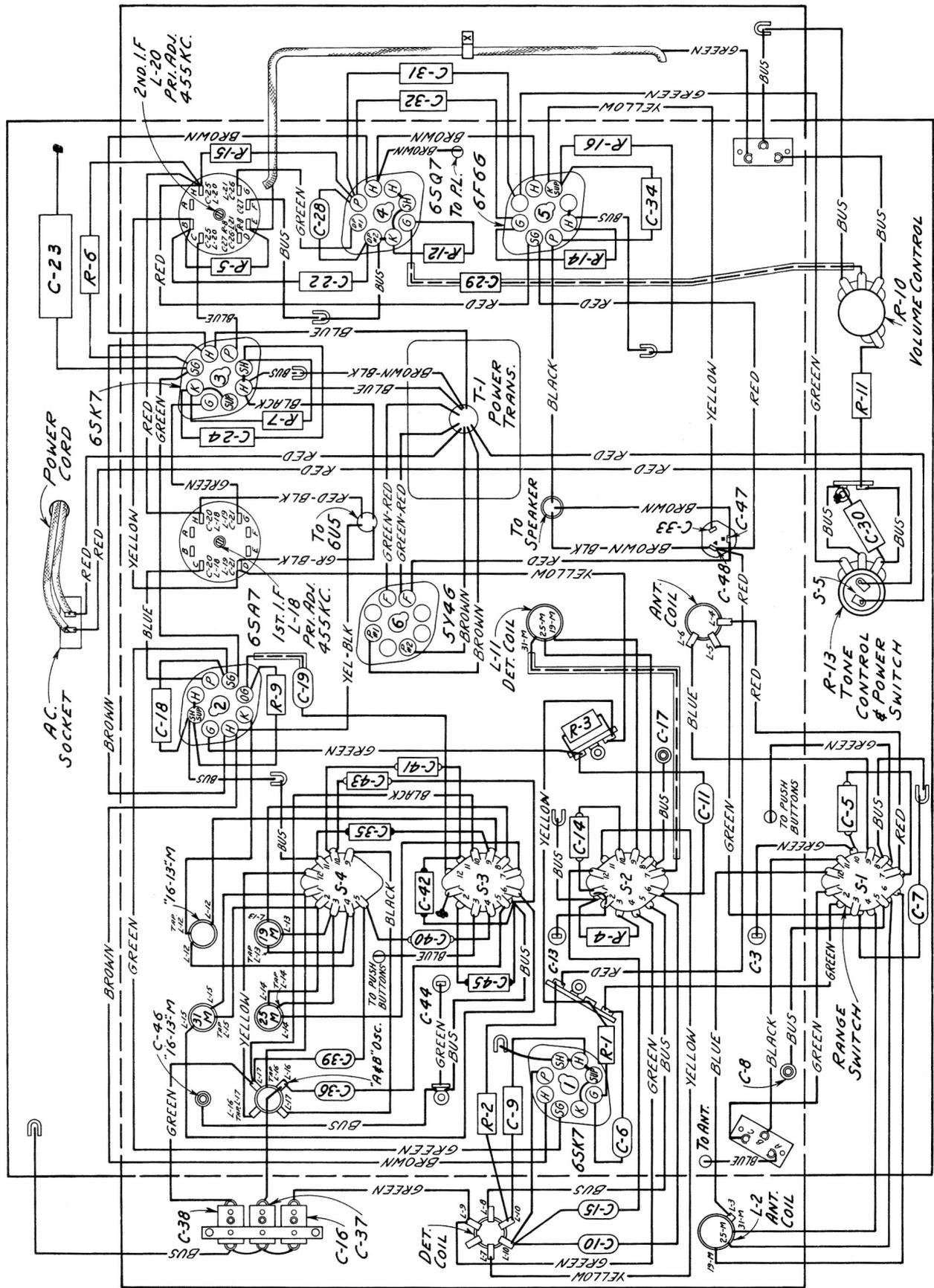


Figure 3—Chassis Wiring Diagram

RADIOTRON SOCKET VOLTAGES

Type	Plate	Screen Grid	Control Grid	Cathode	Heater
6SK7 R.F.	210	82V	....	....	6.3V
6SA7 Conv.	220	82V	....	....	6.3V
6SK7 I.F.	220	82V	-2V	....	6.3V
6SQ7 Audio	195	....	....	....	6.3V
6F6G Output	205V	220V	....	13V	6.3V
5Y4G Rectifier	D.C. output measured across C48 340V			....	5.0V

Note:—All the above values hold within plus or minus 20% when measured with a 1,000 ohm-per-volt meter, on a line voltage of 115 volts. All voltages are measured to chassis.

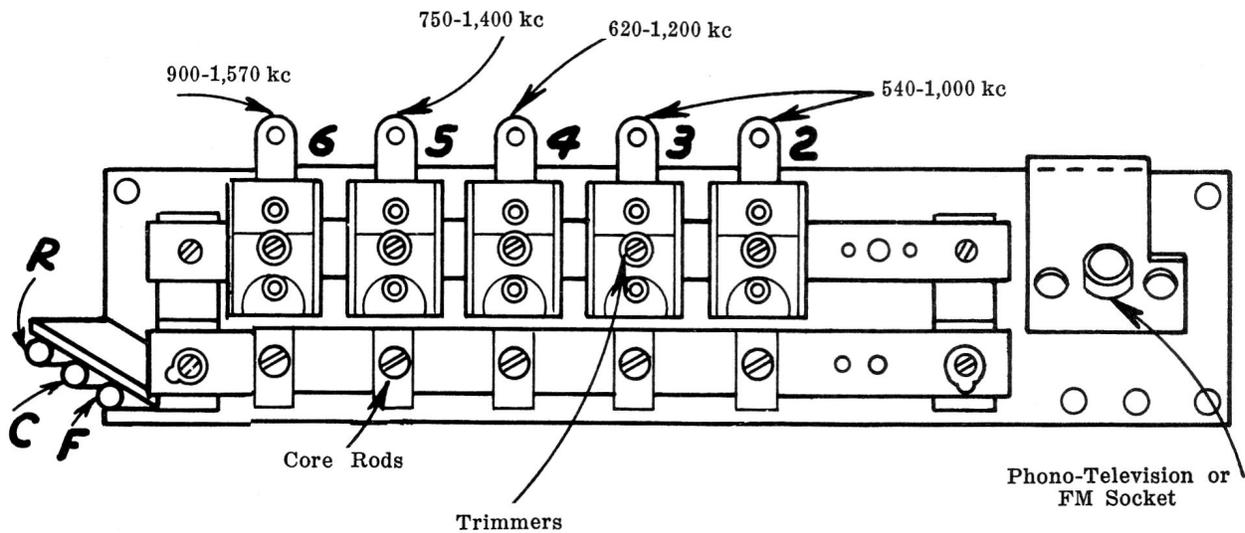


Fig. 4

Push Button Adjustment

The push buttons may be adjusted for any five stations on the "A" band. The preferable arrangement is to adjust for stations in order of frequency.

Proceed as follows:—

(1) Turn "Range selector" to "A" position and manually tune in the first station, say 560 k.c.

(2) Turn "Range selector" to "P.B." position, press button No. 2 located second from left on front panel.

(3) Referring to Figure 4, adjust core and trimmer No. 2 for a peak at 560 k.c.

(4) Proceed to adjust the other four stations in order of frequency, as outlined above.

When a station is inaudible due to reception conditions a test oscillator should be substituted for the station signal.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION		STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION
	PUSH BUTTON SWITCH ASSEMBLY			MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES
S-3241	Cable-Shielded phono cable less plug.....		35883	Button-Station selector push button.....
S-2908	Capacitor-Trimmer capacitor bank (C49,C50,C51,C52,C53).....		S-2913	Dial-Station selector dial scale
35803	Coil-Oscillator coil (L25,L26,L27,L28,L29).....		34489	Knob-Volume,tone or tuning control knob.....
35871	Core-Oscillator coil core.....		S-3316	Knob-Range Switch Knob (Outer section only).....
32641	Plug-Three prong male plug for Phono cable.....		S-2914	Knob-Range switch knob (Inner section only).....
31347	Socket-Phono input socket.....		S-2915	Loop-Antenna loop assembly (L1,C1,C2)(Model A25 only)....
S-2911	Switch-Push Button switch assembly (S6 to S16 inc.).....		S-2916	Loop-Antenna loop assembly (L1,C1,C2)(Model A38 only)....
			36149	Marker-Push button call letter markers (1 set).....
			34053	Spring-Push button retaining spring (Pkg.5).....
			14270	Spring-Knob retaining spring (Pkg.2).....
			S-2542	Tool-Push button tuning set up tool.....

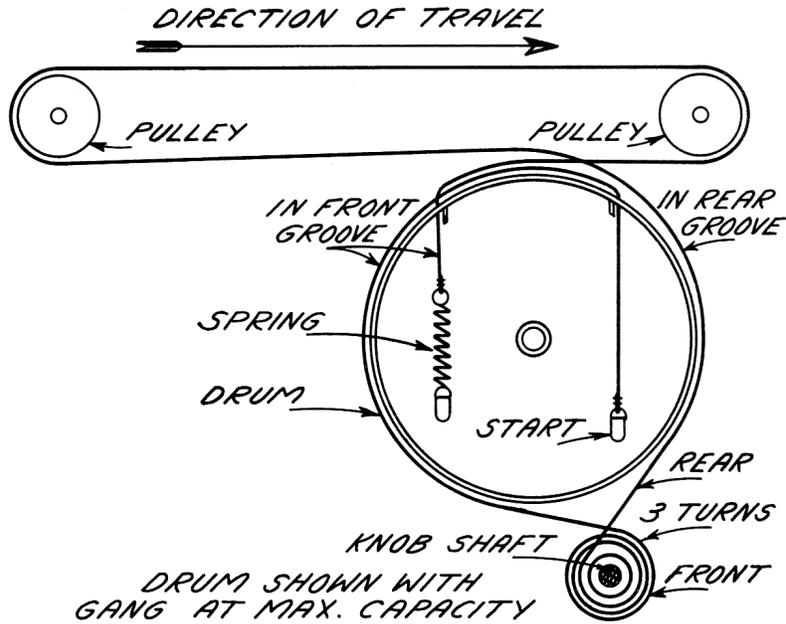


Fig. 5—Dial Drive Cord.