

### I. F. ALIGNMENT

Set the signal generator at 456 K. C. and connect the output to the grid cap of the 6A7 tube through a .1 Mfd. condenser.

The generator ground is connected to the chassis which must be externally grounded. The receiver dial is set to its highest frequency (gang open), the selector switch turned to broadcast band position, and the volume control turned full on.

The I.F. trimmers, located as shown on the tube layout chart, are then adjusted by means of a non-metallic screw driver until maximum output results.

### R. F. ALIGNMENT

#### Broadcast Band

connect its output to the antenna lead of the receiver in series with a .00025 Mfd. condenser. The ground from the signal generator must be connected to the chassis and externally grounded.

With the band selector switch in the broadcast position the dial of the receiver set at 1500 K. C. and the volume control turned full on, adjust the broadcast oscillator trimming condenser (located as shown on the tube layout chart) until a signal is heard.

NOTE: There may be two signals present, use the one obtained by the minimum capacity setting of the trimming condenser and adjust it to its peak. Then adjust the broadcast antenna and pre-selector trimming condensers for maximum output.

600 K. C. Set the receiver dial and the signal generator to 600 K. C. Adjust the 600 K. C. padding condenser for maximum output. While making this adjustment rock the tuning control back and forth through the signal until maximum output results.

Following this it is advisable to repeat the procedure outlined for 1500 K. C. to compensate for any slight discrepancy caused by the adjustment of the series padding condenser.

# RCC - Phonola Data Sheet 61 - 1937-38

# **Electrohome**

# 7103-S, A7103-L & A7103-D

# Alignment Information

#### Intermediate Band

5 M. C. Set the signal generator to 5 M. C. and connect its output to the antenna lead of the receiver, through a 400 ohm resistor. The ground of the signal generator is connected to the chassis and externally grounded.

switch to the intermediate band, the receiver dial to 5 M. C., and the volume control full on. Adjust the intermediate oscillator trimming condenser, shown on the tube layout chart, until a signal is heard.

Note: There may be two signals present, use the one obtained by the minimum capacity setting of the trimming condenser and adjust it to its peak. The short wave antenna trimming condenser is then adjusted for maximum output.

## Short Wave Band

15 M. C. The same procedure is employed as outlined for intermediate band, only, of course, the oscillator and antenna trimming condensers are adjusted at 15 M. C.