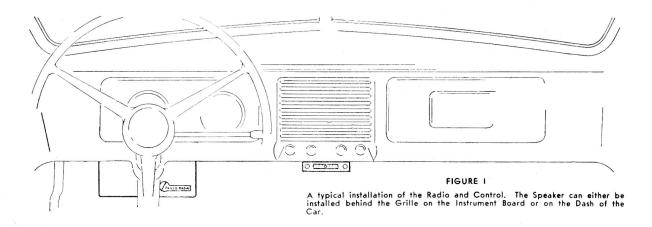
# Model 808 PHILCO AUTO RADIO

## Operating and Installation Instructions



### SPECIAL FEATURES

The Model 808 — new and exclusive. Improved in design . . . All electric superheterodyne auto radio . . . Six loktal tubes especially designed for auto radio service . . . Single push-button, automatic tuning, combined with a manual control dial tuning . . . Exceptional sensitivity . . . Automatic Volume Control . . . Separate large size electro-dynamic speaker . . . Choice of speaker mounting, either on the dash of the car or behind the grille on the instrument board . . . Two point Tone control . . . Push-button tuning is positive in action with separate, electrically tuned circuits for push-button operation . . Push-button adjustments easily made with radio installed in car . . . Completely shielded and filtered against car ignition interference . . . can be easily and conveniently installed in practically all cars . . . a new control, easy reading and quick tuning. The control fits right under the edge of the instrument board, in the most convenient location, or in the space provided for radio control in the instrument board in practically all cars.

#### **OPERATION**

TO TURN THE RADIO "ON"—Turn the left hand knob clockwise. The first range of motion operates the "On-Off" switch. From that point, it is the manual volume control.

TO TUNE A BROADCAST STATION BY "DIAL" TUNING—Push the right hand knob all the way in and release it. Repeat this until "D" appears in the dial indicator window, in the center of the control. Then turn the right hand knob to tune in the desired station. The dial is marked to indicate the frequency of the broadcast station. The radio must be tuned accurately for the best reception.

TO TUNE IN PROGRAMS BY PUSH-BUTTON TUNING—Simply push the right hand knob all the way in. To select another station, push the knob in again. There are provisions for tuning five different broadcast stations by push-button tuning and for changing from push-button to "DIAL" tuning. The push-button indicator is numbered 1 to 5 for the different stations and a letter "D" which indicates dial tuning.

TO ADJUST |THE VOLUME — After the desired program has been tuned in, adjust the volume to a suitable level. Turn the left hand knob clockwise to increase the volume, and counter-clockwise to decrease the volume.

**TONE CONTROL**—The tone control is operated by pushing in the left hand knob. There are two positions—"BRIGHT" for speech and music, and "DEEP" for use in noisy locations or in case a deeper tone is desired for musical programs.

TO TURN THE RADIO "OFF"—Turn the left hand knob counter-clockwise until a slight click is heard and the dial light goes out.

#### INSTALLATION

The Model 808 is designed to operate at maximum efficiency when used with one of the new Philco Auto Radio Aerials. Install the aerial before proceeding with the installation of the radio. The aerial lead and complete installation instructions are packed with each aerial.

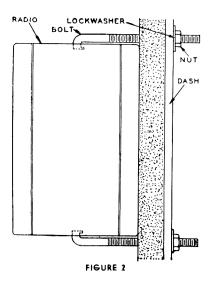
RECEIVER INSTALLATION — The Receiver must be installed under the cowl, on the dash. Be sure that in the location selected, there is ample foot room and that it does not interfere with the operation of the pedals and ventilators. The Receiver can usually be installed on the left side of the dash, above the steering column. The Receiver can also be installed on the right side of the dash. The control couplings on the end of the Receiver housing must always be toward the center of the car. A cardboard template is furnished so that the mounting bolt hole locations can be easily and accurately marked on the dash. The Receiver fastens to the dash with two hook bolts. Two sets of mounting holes are provided in the sides of the Receiver. Drill two 7/16" holes in the dash and loosely assemble the hook bolts. Install the Receiver on the dash, placing the ends of the hook bolts in two of the holes provided in the sides of the Receiver. Tighten the Receiver securely in place (see Figure 2).

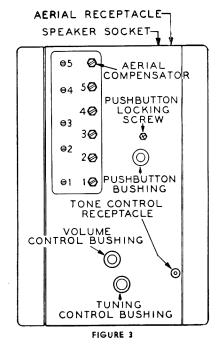
When drilling the holes in the dash, care should be taken not to drill through any tubing or cables that are strapped to the dash in the motor compartment.

CONTROL UNIT — The control can be installed in the space provided for radio control in practically all cars, or under the flange of the instrument board. Complete instructions are packed with the control adapter plate kit.

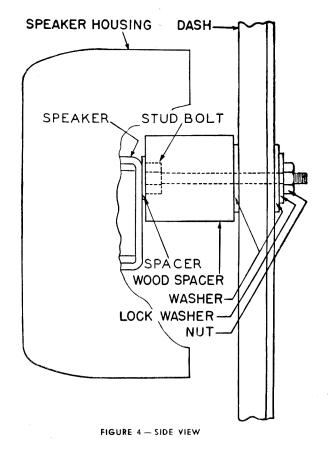
FLEXIBLE SHAFTS — Fasten the two clamps supplied with the radio over the "A" leads, tone control lead and flexible shafts. These clamps must be placed near the center of the shafts. Fasten the shafts to a bracket on the car, so that they will not move.

Arrange the shafts so that they are not bent or kinked. Turn the tuning control knob until the indicator on the

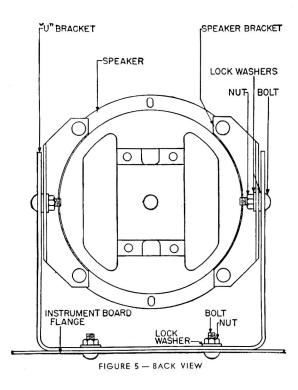




control is at the low end of the dial. Seat the tuning and volume control shaft ends in their respective shaft bushings on the end of the Receiver housing and snap the shaft casings in place. Push the right hand knob all the way in and release it. Repeat this until "D" appears in the dial indicator window in the center of the control. The wave change switch is set in the unlocked position. Loosen the screw over the push-button shaft opening about 3/8". Push back the shaft-casing button on the push button shaft. Grasp the flexible shaft casing and push the spline



into the rubber coupling as far as it will go. Snap the shaft casing button in place and tighten the screw. Tightening this screw unlocks the wafer switch so that the control can be operated for push-button tuning. Be sure the flexible shafts are not moved after being placed in position. If for any reason, the shafts are moved after the installation, and the control and wafer switch are not synchronized properly, loosen the screw on the end of the housing which is over the push-button shaft and push the right hand knob on the control until the locking spring on the wafer switch snaps into the dial position. A click will be heard when this is done. Then remove the flexible push-button shaft from the Receiver housing and push the right hand knob on the control until "D" appears in the station indicator window. Insert the flexible shaft again and tighten the screw.



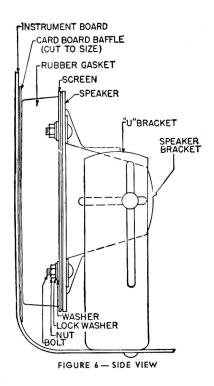
"A" LEAD CONNECTIONS—Couple the long "A" lead from the control to the "A" lead on the left end of the Receiver. Connect the remaining "A" lead on the control to the ammeter stud on the rear of the instrument board.

TONE CONTROL—Insert the tone control lead from the control, in the tone control receptacle on the end of the Receiver.

DASH SPEAKER INSTALLATIONS — (Kit Part No. 91-0187). Install the speaker on the dash in a convenient location. Locate and drill a 3/8" hole in the dash. Screw the short end of the mounting stud into the back of the speaker. Place the wood spacer block on the stud and then the washer. Bolt the speaker securely to the dash with the washer, lockwasher and nut (see Figure 4). Connect the speaker cable plug in the speaker socket on top of the Receiver housing.

INSTRUMENT BOARD SPEAKER - (Kit Part No. 91-0140). Using the "U" bracket as a template, locate and drill two ¼" holes in the flange of the instrument board, so that when the speaker is assembled to the bracket, it will line up behind the speaker opening in the grille. Loosely assemble the "U" brackets and the adjustable side brackets. Bolt the speaker to the side brackets, placing the screen with the rubber gasket attached, against the face of the speaker and bend the four ears of the screen over the edge of the speaker. Cut the cardboard baffle to size and place it against the inside of the speaker grille. Hold the speaker and bracket in position, behind the grille, and adjust the side brackets so that the speaker comes directly behind the speaker opening. Use enough cardboard spacers under the "U" bracket to clear any obstruction on the inside flange of the instrument board. Then bolt the "U" bracket in place on the instrument board flange (see Figures 5 and 6). Fasten the side brackets securely in position. Complete instructions are packed with each speaker kit.

Connect the speaker cable plug in the speaker socket on top of the Receiver.



AERIAL CONNECTION — Connect the aerial lead in the aerial receptacle on the top of the Receiver housing.

TUNING AND VOLUME CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS — To adjust the setting of the tuning control, turn the tuning knob first one way as far as it will go, and then the other way.

To adjust the Volume Control, turn the volume control knob clockwise as far as it will go.

AERIAL COMPENSATOR — There is an aerial compensator on the control end of the Receiver housing, to balance the radio and the Philco Aerial. With the radio turned "On" tune in a weak signal between 1200 and 1400 K.C., on the dial. The volume control should be turned well up. With a small screw driver, adjust the aerial compensator for maximum signal.

#### MOTOR INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

Remove the coil-to-distributor high tension lead from the distributor. Cut the lead two inches from the end and screw the distributor resistor on the coil lead (see Figure 7). Then screw on the short length and plug the cable into the distributor cap. Cars equipped with two ignition coils require two distributor resistors. Extra resistors can be obtained from the nearest Philco Auto Radio dealer or distributor.



Two interference condensers are furnished—one must be connected to the generator side of the cut-out, the other to the battery side of the primary of the ignition coil or to the ignition switch. The condenser bracket must be fastened securely to a grounded metal part of the car. The condenser on the generator usually can be fastened to the generator housing under the same screw that holds the cut-out (see Figure 8), while the coil condenser can usually be fastened under the coil mounting bolts. In some cases it may be necessary to connect an additional condenser to

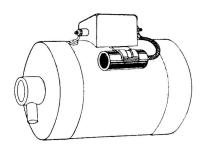


FIGURE 8
Connect the Interference Condenser
to the Generator Cut-Out

the ammeter or to the ignition switch. On some cars, a condenser can be used to advantage on the electric oil gauge or on the gas gauge. Connect the condenser to the terminal of the gauge and bolt the condenser securely to the frame or some other grounded part of the car.

In some particularly stubborn cases of motor interference, bonding the steering column to the dash with a short lead will be effective. Clean the paint from the steering column at the dash where it enters the motor compartment and solder on a short piece of braid, grounding this to the dash.

In other cases it may be necessary to ground the tubing and rods coming thru the dash in order to reduce the interference. Clean them with emery cloth and spot solder the braid, fastening the end under a convenient screw (see Figure 9). When an under-car aerial is used it may be necessary to ground the exhaust pipe to the frame of the car with a piece of copper braid. The ground connection should be made ahead of the dash.



FIGURE 9 Ground the Tubing and Rods coming thru the Dash

On cars equipped with a voltage regulator in place of the generator cut-out, it will be necessary to use the condenser formerly connected to the generator on the voltage regulator. This should be connected to the battery terminal of the voltage regulator and mounted under one of the mounting screws holding the voltage regulator in place.

Interference from electric clocks can be eliminated by connecting an interference condenser to the ammeter terminal.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SETTING UP THE AUTOMATIC PUSH-BUTTON TUNING

Turn on the radio and allow it to operate for twenty minutes or longer if possible. During this time, proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove the plate on the end of the radio which covers the adjusting screws. This is held by two screws.
- 2. Select five popular local stations whose frequencies come within the ranges of the five automatic tuning circuits, and list them on the Owner's Reference Label. List the highest frequency station as 1, and so on down to the lowest frequency station, which should be 5. The range of each automatic tuning circuit is given below:
- 855 KC to 750 KC to 660 KC to 600 KC to 550 KC to 1580 KC 1410 KC 1240 KC 1165 KC 1065 KC 1 2 3 4 5
- 3. Push in the right knob until "D" appears in the station indicator window. This adjusts the radio so that it can be tuned with the tuning control knob in the conventional manner.
- 4. Tune in with the dial tuning control knob, the station having the highest frequency, and note the program. Now push in the right hand knob until No. 1 appears in the station indicator window.

With a small screw driver, turn the bottom adjusting screw (number one) in the left column, to the right or left until the same station is tuned in. Then adjust the corresponding screw in the right column, turning right or left until maximum volume is obtained. If in doubt as to the station, push the right knob until "D" appears and recheck. The adjustment on strong signals can be made best inside a shielded area such as in a reinforced steel building, or under a viaduct.

Continue the above procedure for the stations selected for Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5 position in the given order, working from left to right, and adjusting each pair of corresponding adjusting screws from the bottom to the top until all five stations are set up. It is advisable to repeat the entire adjustment procedure to be sure the settings are correct.

The automatic tuning adjustments may be made before installing the radio in the car, but FINAL adjustments must be made with the radio installed and operating on the aerial in the car.

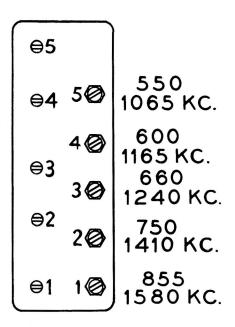
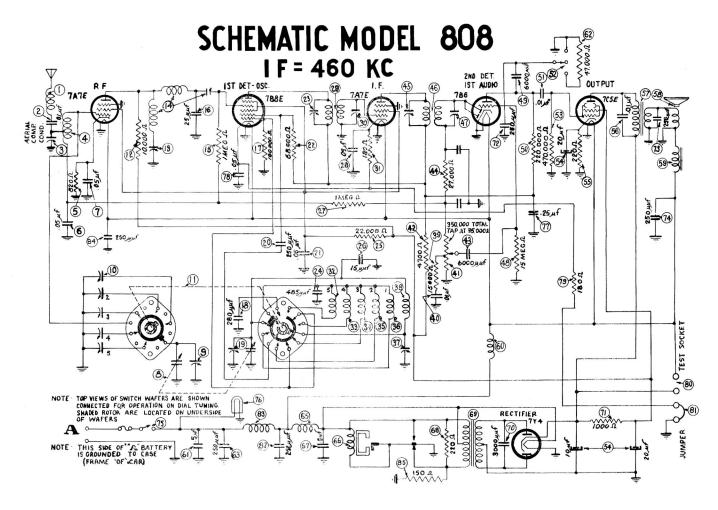


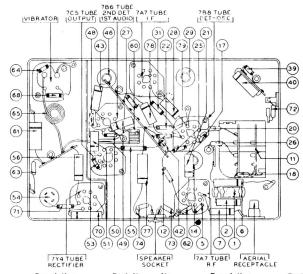
FIGURE 10 Station Selector Adjusting Screws



#### Parts List - 808

No.	Description Part N	0.
(1)	Antenna Choke12-00	45
(2)	Condenser .01 Mfd	14
(3)	Aerial Compensator (Part of 10	))
(4)	Antenna Transformer65-033	23
(5)	Resistor 820 Ohms33-18233	36
(6)	Condenser .05 Mfd61-010	)1
(7)	Condenser .05 Mfd61-01:	11
(8)	Tuning ('ondenser63-00-	17
(9)	Antenna Padder(On Tun. Cond	. )
(10)	Antenna Padder Ass'y77-051	12
(11)	Wafer Switch77-050	06
(12)	Resistor 10000 Ohms33-3103	54
(13)	Wave Trap Padder (Part of 1-	1)
(14)	R.F. Transformer65-033	21
(15)	Resistor 1 Megohm33-51023	54
(16)	Mica Condenser 25 Mmfd. 60-02513	57
(17)	Resistor 100000 Ohms33-41025	54
(18)	Condenser 280 Mmfd61-00-	43
(19)	Padder (on Tuning Condenser)	
(20)	Condenser 250 Mmfd60-12513	57
(21)	Condenser .05 Mfd61-010	01
(22)	Resistor 68000 Ohms33-36833	54
(23)	Padder (Primary 1st I.F. Trans.)	
(24)	Condenser 485 Mmfd61-01-	1 1
(25)	Resistor 22000 Ohms 33-32245	54
(26)	Condenser 15 Mmfd60-01532	27
(27)	Resistor 1 Megohm33-51025	54
(28)	Condenser .05 Mfd61-011	
(29)	First I.F. Transformer65-031	19
(30)	Padder Sec. 1st I.F. Transformer	
(31)	Resistor 180 Ohms33-11835	36
(32)	Osc. Trans. (550 to 1065 K.C.)65-017	13
(33)	Osc. Trans. (600 to 1105 K.C.)65-017	72
(34)	Osc. Tran (660 to 1240 K.C.)	71
(35)	Osc. Trans. (750 to 1410 K.C.)	70
(36)	Osc. Trans. (855 to 1580 K.C.)	69

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No.	Description Part No.
(37)	Low Frequency Padder63-0048
(38)	Manual Osc. Trans65-0420
(39)	Resistor 15000 Ohms33-315254
(40)	Cond01 Mfd61-0114
(41)	Volume Control67-0032
(42)	Resistor 4700 Ohms33-247354
(43)	Condenser .006 Mfd61-0155
(44)	Resistor 27000 Ohms33-327254
(45)	Padder (Primary 2nd I.F. Transformer)
(46)	Second I.F. Transformer65-0320
(47)	Padder (Sec. 2nd. I.F. Transformer)
(48)	Resistor 15 Megohms,33-615254
(49)	Condenser .006 Mfd61-0155
(50)	Resistor 220000 Ohms33-422254
(51)	Condenser .01 Mfd61-0120
(52)	Tone Control Switch Wafer
(53)	Resistor 470000 Ohms33-447254
(54)	Elec. Con. 10-15-20 Mrd61-0089
(55)	Resistor 220 Ohms33-122436
(56)	Condenser .01 Mfd61-0124
(57)	Output Trans65-0408
(58)	Replacement Cone 73-0047 Speaker91-0086
	73-0058 Speaker91-0086
(59)	Field Coil( Not Replaceable)
(60)	Filament Choke32-2729
(61)	Condenser .5 Mfd61-0106
(62)	Resistor 47000 Ohms33-347254
(63)	Condenser 250 Mmfd60-125157
(64)	
(65)	Vibrator-Choke65-0433
(66)	Vibrator83-0025
(67)	Condenser .5 Mfd61-0137
(68)	Resistor 220 Ohms33-122354
(69)	Power Transformer65-0318
(70)	Condenser .003 Mfd61-0115
(71)	Resistor 1000 Ohms33-210434
(72)	Condenser 250 Mmfd60-125157
(73)	Condenser 250 Mmfd,60-125157
(74)	Condenser 250 Mmfd60-125157



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lo.	Description	Part No	. No.	Desci	ription	Part	No.
(76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84)	On-Off Switch Pilot Lamp Condenser .25 Mrd. Condenser .25 Mrd. Condenser .25 Mrd. Resistor 180 Ohms Test Socket Test Link Condenser .250 Mmrd. A Choke Condenser .250 Mmrd. A Choke Condenser .250 Mmrd. Social .250 Mmrd. Control Assembly Dial Drive Cord Drive Cord Spring Tunna Shaft Volume Shaft Push Button Shaft Push Button Shaft Pointer Station Indicator Drum Hook Bolt Calmps .5 Interference Condenser	34 208. 61-012: 61-010: 33-11839: 55-1118 57-112: 60-12515: 32-1644 86-12515: 33-115354 85-013: 55-119: 55-139: 55-139: 57-138: 57-138: 57-138: 57-139: 57-139: 57-139: 57-139: 57-139: 57-138:	The spe:	Padder Cov Speaker Sot Liktal Sock Vibrator So Sorew and Coil Cups ( Tone Cont. of following aker: Speaker uni Stud Bolt Wood Space Following p t panel speal of following p t panel speal Speaker Baffle "U" Brack Rubber Gas Side Brack	it or ousing parts are for ker:	57-1348I	FC59 0443 0575 00445 1363 2032 FA3 dash 0058 0892 FC59 FCP stru- 0047 0957 FFA3 1320 FA3