MODELS F-6B & F-6CB

Six-Tube, Three-Band, Battery-Operated Superheterodyne Receivers

Electrical Specifications

Frequency Ranges	R-F ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES
"Standard Broadcast" (A)	"Short Wave" (C) 20,000 kc (osc., det., ant.) "Medium Wave" (B) 6,000 kc (osc.)
"Short Wave" (C) 6,800—22,000 kc	"Standard Broadcast" (A)
Intermediate Frequency	460 kc
RADIOTRON COMPLEMENT	
(2) Type 1C6 First Detector—Oscillator (3) Type 1A4 Intermediate Amplifier	
Pilot Lamps (2)	Mazda 2.0 volts, .06 ampere
BATTERIES REQUIRED	
"A", one plug-in, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -volt Air Cell, or one 2-volt storage B batteries; "C," one $7\frac{1}{2}$ -volt C battery tapped at $-1\frac{1}{2}$, 12681).	battery; "B," three 45-volt, heavy-duty, plug-in type —3, and —4½ volts, and three bias cells (Stock No.
CURRENT CONSUMPTION	
"A" at 2 volts (pilot lamps off) "A" at 2 volts (pilot lamps on) "B" at 135 volts	
Power Output	Loudspeaker
Undistorted	Type Permanent-Magnet Dynamic Voice Coil Impedance 2.2 ohms at 400 cycles

Mechanical Specifications

		L F6CB	Model F6B
Height	$39\frac{5}{18}$	inches	$20\frac{1}{4}$ inches
Width	$25 \frac{3}{4}$	inches	15½ inches
Depth	$12\frac{1}{4}$	inches	10_{32} inches
Weight (net)	55	pounds	29 pounds
Weight (shipping)	70	pounds	36 pounds
Charair Daga Dimongions		13% inches x $7%$ inches	es x 3 inches
Owen all Height of Chaggie			. 9 inches
Operating Controls		(1) volume; (2) runing (large	mner knob)
	Range	e Selector (small outer knob); (3) Power 3	switch—tone
Tuning Drive Ratio			20 to 1

General Description

Each of these receivers employs a similar chassis, the superheterodyne circuit arrangement of which is shown by figure 2. Model F6CB is a console model employing a 12-inch, permanent-magnet, dynamic loudspeaker while Model F6B is a table model employing an 8-inch, permanent-magnet, dynamic loudspeaker. Features of design include an r-f amplifier stage for high signal-to-noise ratio and high sensitivity: new, plunger-type, air trimmers; magnetite-core

i-f transformers and low-frequency "A"-oscillator tracking; automatic volume control; aural-compensated audio volume control; resistance-coupled, first-audio stage and transformer-coupled, audio-driver stage to a push-pull, class-B, audio-out-put stage; phonograph terminal board; continuous high-frequency tone control; super-sensitive, permanent-magnet, dynamic loudspeaker with dust screen; low current drain; and a large, easy-to-read, illuminated dial with vernier pointer

and save-a-drain pilot lamp switch combined with the tuning

These receivers may be easily converted to 6-volt operation by employing a GE model "100" Powerunit which, with a 6-volt storage battery, replaces the "A" and "B" batteries listed under "Batteries required".

The three tuning ranges cover the "Standard broadcast" band and the important short-wave bands at 49, 31, 25, 19, 16, and 13 meters along with channels assigned for police, aviation, and amateur communication.

Service Data

The various diagrams of this booklet contain such information as will be needed to isolate causes for defective operation if such develops. The ratings of the resistors, capacitors, coils, etc., are indicated adjacent to the symbols signifying these parts on the diagrams. Identification titles such as R1, L1, C1, etc., provide reference between the illustrations and Replacement Parts List. The coils, transformer windings, and reactors are rated in terms of d-c

resistance to permit continuity checks.

Precautionary Lead Dress.—(1) Twisted leads from filament switch to power plug must be dressed against bottom of end shield and fastened with tape. (2) Lead from term. No. 6 of S3 to chassis must be as short as possible and to No. 6 of \$3 to chassis must be as snort as possible and to same chassis lance as C15-C34. (3) Keep lead from term. No. 9 of \$3 to L7-L8 as short as possible. (4) Keep lead from L7 to C11 as short as possible. (5) Keep lead from C10 to C11 as short as possible. (6) Keep leads of C41 as short as possible. (7) Keep lead from term. No. 20 of \$2 to C13 as short as possible.

Phonograph Attachment.—A terminal board is provided for connecting a phonograph into the audio amplifying circuit. The Model R-93 Record Player should be connected as follows: Remove link between terminals 1 and 2 on terminal board. Connect green wire in Radio-Record switch cable to terminal 1, yellow to terminal 2, and shield extension to terminal 3. Tape unused red and blue leads separately. Connect a 2-conductor twisted cable between the Record Player binding posts and the screw terminals on Radio-Record switch.

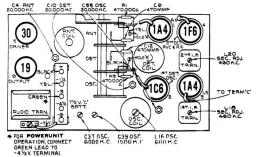


Figure 1-Radiotron, Coil, and Trimmer Locations

Alignment Procedure

Calibrate the tuning dial by adjusting main dial pointer to the low-frequency (end) calibration mark on dial with the gang tuning-condenser plates in full-mesh position; then adjust the small (vernier) pointer to "O." These are adjust the small (vernier) pointer to friction adjustments.

Perform alignment in proper order, tabulated below, starting with No. 1 and following all operations across, then No. 2, Adjustment locations are shown on figures 1 and 4.

Cathode-ray alignment is highly preferable; the connections to the chassis are shown on figure 3. If an output indicator is used, connect it across the loudspeaker voice-coil and advance the receiver volume control to full-volume position.

Connect the "low" output terminal of the test oscillator to

the receiver "G" (ground) terminal for all alignment operations. Regulate the output of the test oscillator so that

minimum signal is applied to the receiver to obtain an observable output indication. This will avoid a vec action.

The term "Dummy antenna" means the device which must be connected between the "high" test-oscillator output and the point of connection to the receiver in order to obtain ideal alignment. "No signal, 550-750 kc" means that the receiver should be tuned to a point between 550 and 750 kc where no signal or interference is received from a station or local (heterodyne) oscillator.

	Test Oscillator							
Order of Alignment	Connection to Receiver	Dummy Antenna	Frequency Setting	Receiver Dial Setting	Circuit to Adjust	Adjustment Symbols	Adjust to Obtain	
1	1A4 I-F Grid Cap	.001 Mfd.	460 kc	No Signal 550-750 kc	2nd I-F Trans.	L19 and L20	Symmetrical Curve	
2	1C6 Det. Grid Cap	.001 Mfd.	460 kc	No Signal 550-750 kc	1st I-F Trans.	L17 and L18	Symmetrical Curve	
3	Ant. Term.	300 Ohms	20,000 kc	20,000 kc	"C" Osc.	C35	Max. (peak) *	
4	Ant. Term.	300 Ohms	20,000 kc	20,000 kc	"C" Det.	C10	Max. (peak) †	
5	Ant. Term.	300 Ohms	20,000 kc	20,000 kc	"C" Ant.	C4	Max. (peak) ‡	
6	Ant. Term.	300 Ohms	6,000 kc	Rock Thru 6,000 kc	"B" Osc.	C37	Max. (peak) *	
7	Ant. Term.	200 M mfd.	600 kc	600 kc	"A" L-F Osc.	L16	Max. (peak)	
8	Ant. Term.	200 Mmfd.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	"A" H-F Osc.	C39	Max. (peak)	
9	Ant. Term.	200 Mmfd.	600 kc	Rock Thru 600 kc	"A" L-F Osc.	L16	Max. (peak)	
10	Ant. Term.	200 M mfd.	1,500 kc	Rock Thru 1,500 kc	"A" H-F Osc.	C39	Max. (peak)	

^{*} Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. † Use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

‡ After this adjustment, check for image signal by shifting receiver dial to 19,080 kc.

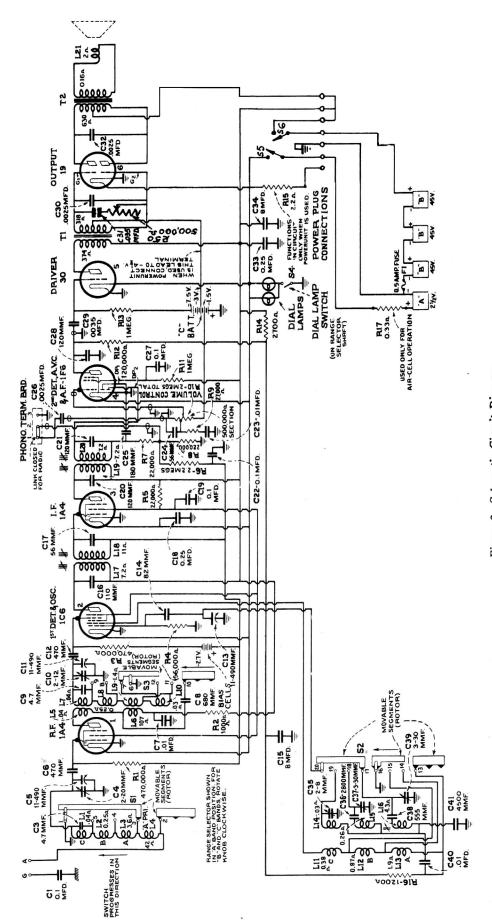


Figure 2—Schematic Circuit Diagram

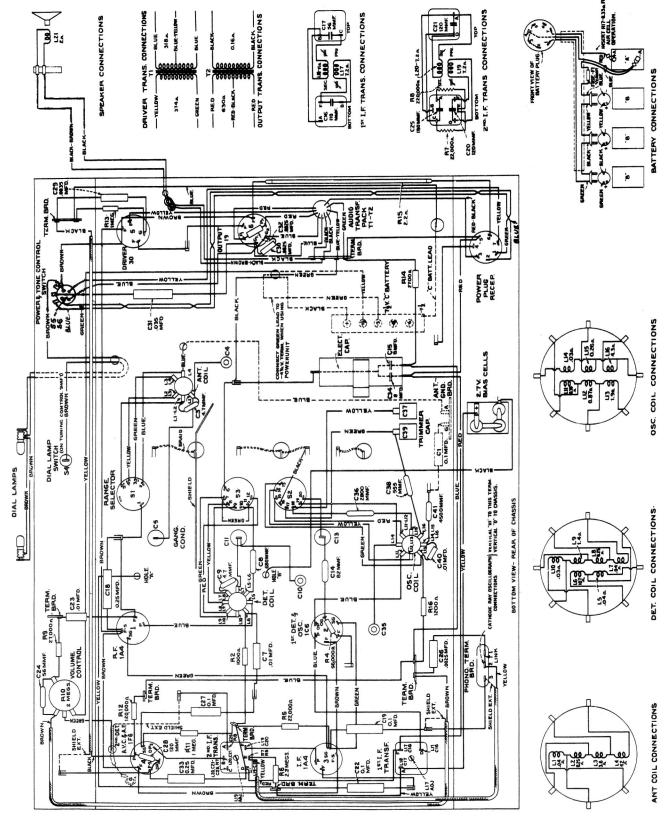
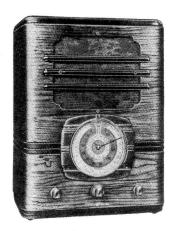


Figure 3—Chassis Wiring Diagram



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Loudspeaker.—Centering of the loudspeaker is made in the usual manner with three narrow paper feelers after first removing the front dust cover. This may be removed by softening its cement with a light application of acetone, using care not to allow the acetone to flow into the air gap. The dust cover should be cemented back in place with ambroid upon completion of adjustment.



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Bias Cells.—Three bias cells are used only for the purpose of supplying bias potential to the 1C6 first-detector—oscillator tube. These cells should never be measured with an ordinary voltmeter or other device which draws any current. A simple check on these cells may be made by connecting a milliammeter in the plate circuit of the 1C6 tube and noting the plate current reading. Then carefully remove the cells and substitute a battery potential of 2.7 volts in their place and note the new reading on the milliammeter. If the first reading obtained (with bias cells) is more than 40% from the latter reading (with 2.7-volt battery), the bias cells should be replaced. This 40% difference is equivalent to a change of approximately 25% battery voltage.

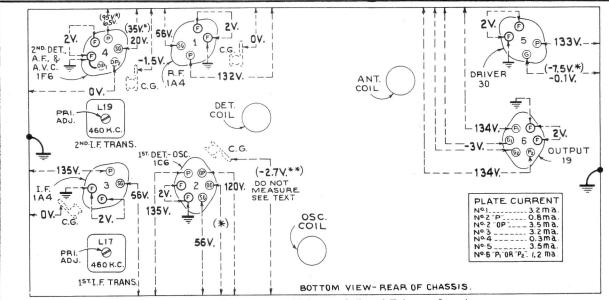


Figure 4—Radiotron Socket Voltages, Coil, and Trimmer Locations

Measured with all batteries at normal voltage—Tuned to approximately 1,000 kc—

No signal being received—Volume control minimum

**CAUTION: Do not attempt to measure voltage on control grid of the 1C6 with any conventional voltmeter due to presence of bias cells.

Note: Two voltage values are shown for some readings. The higher value shown in parenthesis with asterisk (*) indicates operating conditions without voltmeter loading. The lower value is the actual measured voltage and differs from the higher value because of the additional loading of the voltmeter through the high series circuit resistance.

The voltage values indicated from the Radiotron socket contacts, grid caps, and terminals to receiver chassis ground on figure 4 will assist in locating cause for faulty operation. Each value as specified should hold within $\pm 20\%$ when the receiver is normally operative at its rated voltage. To duplicate the conditions under which the voltages were measured requires a 1,000-ohm-per-volt d-c meter, having ranges of 10 and 250 volts. Use the nearest range above the specified measured voltage.

Operation With "100" Power Unit—These receivers may readily be operated from a GE Model "100" Powerunit, in which case, a six-volt storage battery replaces the "A" and "B" batteries listed under "Batteries required." When using the "100" one cell (2 volts) of the storage battery supplies filament voltage to the tubes, while the other two cells (4 volts) supplies power for the "100". When installing, the seven prong "100" receptacle plugs into the seven prong plug on the rear apron of the receiver chassis and the four battery leads clip on terminals of the storage betternterfullers. minals of the storage battery as follows: Red to +6 V.; Blue to +4 V.; Yellow to +4 V.; and brown (fused lead) to —V. The two four-volt leads (Blue and Yellow) should make separate connections to the same battery strap to avoid vibrator buzz which might otherwise result if these two leads are joined

together or touch each other. Observe extreme care that proper connections are made to the battery, as a

that proper connections are made to the battery, as a wrong connection will burn out the tubes. The green lead (originally connected to — 3 v. on the "C" battery) should be shifted to the — 4.5 volt tap. The other "C" battery connections remain unchanged.

The following changes under "Electrical specifications" become effective when employing the "100"; "A" battery current drain at 6 volts, 1.65 amperes. Fuse rating, 5 amperes. Undistorted output, 1.3 watts. Maximum output, 1.8 watts. Under "Service data," the following voltages apply to the Type-19 power-output tube. Either plate to chassis, 180 volts. Either grid to chassis,—4½ volts. Plate curvolts. Either grid to chassis,— $4\frac{1}{2}$ volts. Plate current (either plate), 1.6 ma.

When servicing, the "100" chassis should be insulated from the receiver chassis to avoid vibrator buzz.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

STOCK			STOCK		
NO.	DESCRIPTION		NO.	DESCRIPTION	
	DECEMBED ACCOUNT TO		7.4500	D 4 4 4 20 100 4 4 4 70 11 (00)	
	RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES		14390 12286	Resistor-27,000 ohms, carbon type, 1/10 watt (R9)	
14388	Belt-Variable condenser drive belt-Pkg. of 2		13734	Resistor-56,000 ohms, insulated, watt (R4)	
12717	Board-Phonograph terminal board		11398	Resistor=120,000 ohms, carbon type, 4 watt (R12)	
13216	Board-Antenna and ground terminal board		11452	Resistor-220,000 ohms, carbon type, 1/10 watt(R8) Resistor-470,000 ohms, carbon type, 1/10 watt(R1,R3)	
14338	Bushing-Variable condenser mounting bushing and		13730	Resistor-1 megohm, carbon type, 1/10 watt(R11,R13).	
	screw assembly		11626	Resistor-2.2 megohm, carbon type, 4 watt (R6)	
12607	Cap-First I.F. transformer shield top		14350	Screw-No.8-32x3/16 square head set screw for gear	
12581	Cap-Second I.F. transformer shield top			Stock No.30085 and drum Stock No.14345 Pkg.of 10	
12118	Cap-Grid contact cap-Pkg. of 5		12008	Shield I.F. transformer shield can	
14392	Capacitor-4.7 Mmfd. (C3,C9)		14374	Shield-R.F. or antenna coil shield	
13307	Capacitor-56 Mmfd. (Cl7)		14375	Shield-Oscillator coil shield	
12813	Capacitor-56 Mmfd. (C24)		3682	Shield-Radiotron shield	
14262	Capacitor-110 Mmfd. (C16).		4794 4786	Socket-4-contact 1A4 or 30 Radiotron socket	
12724	Capacitor-120 Mmfd. (C28)		14171	Socket-6-contact 106,1F6 or 19 Radiotron socket	
12404	Capacitor-120 Mmfd. (C20,C21)		12907	Spring-Tension spring for indicator drive gear	
12406	Capacitor-180 Mmfd. (C25)		12201	Stock No. 30085 Pkg. of 10	
13052	Capacitor-470 Mmfd. (C6,C12)		14342	Spring-Tension spring for idler Stock No.14341	
12727	Capacitor-555 Mmfd. (C38)			Pkg. of 10	
14417	Capacitor-680 Mmfd. (C8)		12007	Spring-Retaining spring for core Stock No.12006	
14407	Capacitor-2,800 Mmfd. (C36)			Pkg. of 10	
12728	Capacitor-4,500 Mmfd. (C41)		14413	Pkg. of 10 Switch-Range switch (S1,S2)	
5005	Capacitor 0035 Mrd. (C29)		S-1779	Switch-Tone control and power Switch (R50)	
5107 5196	Capacitor0025 Mfd. (C26,C30,C32)		14261	Transformer-First I.F. transformer(L17,L18,C16,	
13138	Capacitor035 Mfd. (C31)		14202	C17)	
4791	Capacitor 01 Mfd. (C7, C23, C4C)		14283	Transformer-Second I.F. transformer (L19,L20,C20, C21,C25,R7,R8)	
4840	Capacitor-0.1 Mfd. (C1,C19,C22,C27)		12803	Transformer-Audio transformer pack (T1.T2)	
14383	Capacitor-Adjustable dual trimmer (C37,C39)		14379	Washer-Felt washer for indicator pointer-Fkg. of	
12884	Capacitor-Adjustable trimmer (long)(C4)		140,15	10	
12714	Capacitor-Adjustable trimmer (medium)(C10)		14335	Volume Control (R10)	
12807	Capacitor-Adjustable trimmer (short) (C35)				
14403	Capacitor-Pack comprising two sections each 8 Mfd.			REPRODUCER ASSEMBLIES	
	(C15,C34)			CONSOLE MODEL (Speaker No. RL71-1)	
12681	Cell-Bias cell		S-1787	Cone-Reproducer cone and dust cap (L21)	
14372	Coil-Antenna coil and shield (L1,L2,L3,L4) Coil-Oscillator coil and shield (L11,L12,L13,L14,		S-1788	Reproducer-Complete	
14515	LIS LIGh			TABLE MODEL (Speaker No. RL73-1)	
14414	L15,L16)Coil and shield (L5,L6,L7,L8,L9,L10)		S-1777	Cone-Reproducer cone and dust cap (L21)	
14411	Condenser-3-gang variable tuning condenser (C5		S-1776	Reproducer-Complete	
	Condenser-3-gang variable tuning condenser (C5, C11, C13)				
12006	Core-Adjustable core and stud for I.F. transformers			MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
12800	Core-Adjustable core and stud assembly for oscil-		4289	Body-Fuse holder female body - Pkg. of 4	
	lator ccil		4286	Bushing-Fuse holder bushing and ferrule-Pkg.of 4.	
S-1786	Dial-Station selector dial scale	- 1	S-1709	Cable-Battery cable complete with fuse, fuse	
14412	Drive-Variable condenser vernier drive shaft and			holder, one 7-contact female connector, three 3-	
14345	pinion gear		100-	contact male connectors and two battery clips	_
14345	Drum-Variable condenser drive belt drum complete	1	4288	Cap-Fuse holder male cap-Pkg. of 4	
30085	with set screws		14289 12827	Clip-Battery clips, one marked "+"and one unmarked	
1	pointer stem and gear assembly		15051	Connector-2-contact male connector for battery cable	
14405	Holder-Bias cell holder	1	14409	Connector-7-contact female connector for battery	
14341	Idler-Station selector drive belt idler	1		cable	
S-1784	Indicator-Station selector indicator pointer	ı	S-1781	Escutcheon-Station selector escutcheon and crystal	
S-1785	Indicator-Vernier indicator pointer		3748	Fuse-1 ampere (F1) Pkg. of 2	
4348	Lamp-Dial lamp		S-1783	Knob-Volume control, tone control or range switch	
14404	Plug-7-contact male plug located on rear apron of			knob	
34340	chassis for battery cable	1	S-1782	Knob-Station selector knob	
14340	Pulley-Station selector drive belt pulley and	1	4290	Insulator-Fuse holder insulating sleeve-Pkg.of 5.	
14361	knob shaft		14418	Resistor-0.33 ohms flexible resistor-4 watt,	
14406	Reflector-Dial reflector and lamp bracket assy		4204	complete with clip (R17)	
5112	Resistor-1.000 ohms carbon twos 1 -att (R15)	1	4284 4982	Spring-Fuse holder tension spring - Pkg. of 5	
11283	Resistor-1.200 ohms carbon type 7 wett (P16)	- 1	4702	Spring-Retaining spring for knob Stock No.14359	
5144	Resistor-2.700 ohms carbon type # watt (R14)		14270	Pkg. of 5	
				-F Not the spring for know obook NO.14207	
11305	Resistor-22,000 ohms, carbon type. watt (R5)	- 1		Pkg. of 5	
11305 14284	Resistor-2.2 ohms, flexible type,3 watt (R15) Resistor-1,000 ohms, carbon type,4 watt (R2) Resistor-1,200 ohms, carbon type,4 watt (R16) Resistor-2,700 ohms, carbon type,4 watt (R14) Resistor-22,000 ohms, carbon type,4 watt (R5) Resistor-22,000 ohms, carbon type,1/10 watt (R7)		4285	PKg. OI 5	

* NOTE:- When ordering reproducer assemblies, state whether or not reproducer is enclosed in a black dust bag. When ordering Stock No. S-1756 (with black dust-bag) state whether it has a spider, or suspension bracket.