

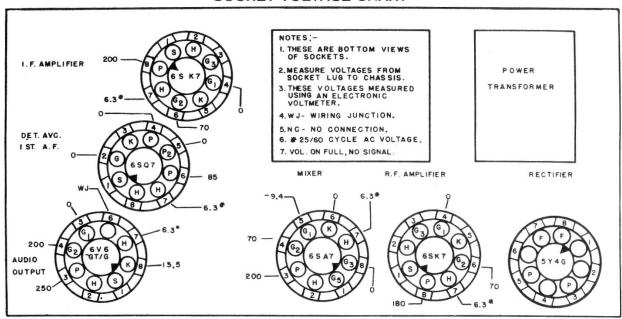
ALIGNMENT CHART

| Alignment Sequence | Signal Generator Output | | | Position of | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| | Frequency in kc. | In Series with | То | Band Switch | Tuning Dial | Adjust for Maximum Output |
| 1 | 455 | 200 mmf. | Ant. | B.C. | 1,620 | A & B |
| 2 | 455 | 200 mmf. | Ant. | B.C. | 1,620 | C * |
| 3 | 15,300 | 400 ohms. | Ant. | s.w. | 15,300 | D |
| 4 | 15,000 | 400 ohms. | Ant. | s.w. | 15,000 | E |
| 5 | 1,620 | 200 mmf. | Ant. | B.C. | 1,620 | F |
| 6 | 1,400 | 200 mmf. | Ant. | B.C. | 1,400 | G |
| 7 | 600 | 200 mmf. | Ant. | B.C. | 600 | Н |

^{*}Adjust for minimum output (wavetrap).

Crosley A-2466 A.C. Radio

SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART



SOCKET VOLTAGE TOLERANCE: 10%

NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (D), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: Tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i.e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.